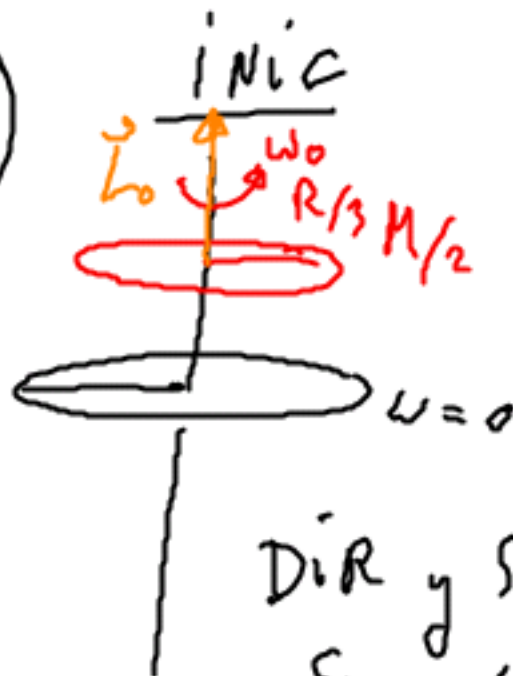
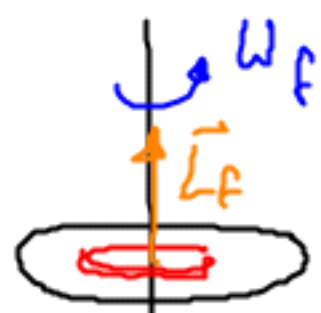


1.

$M, R$



FIN a)



$$\vec{L}_0 = \vec{L}_f$$

$$L = I \omega$$

Dir y SENT.  $\vec{L}$   
Se conservan.

$$I_0 \omega_0 = I_f \omega_f$$

$$I_2 = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{M}{2} \right) \left( \frac{R}{3} \right)^2 = \frac{1}{18} I_1$$

$$I_1 = \frac{1}{2} M R^2$$

$$I_f = I_1 + I_2 = \left( 1 + \frac{1}{18} \right) I_1 = \frac{19}{18} I_1$$

$$I_1 \cdot 0 + I_2 \cdot \omega_0 = (I_1 + I_2) \omega_f$$

$$\omega_f = \frac{I_2}{I_1 + I_2} \omega_0 = \frac{\frac{1}{18} I_1}{\frac{19}{18} I_1} \omega_0$$

$$\omega_f = \frac{1}{19} \omega_0$$

$$b_1) \boxed{E_{CR} = \frac{1}{2} I \omega^2}$$

$$E_{CR_0} = \frac{1}{2} I_2 \omega_0^2 = \frac{1}{18} \left( \frac{1}{2} I_1 \omega_0^2 \right) = \frac{1}{18} \left( \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} MR^2 \omega_0^2 \right) \quad \frac{1}{19} E_{CR_0}$$

$$E_{CR_f} = \frac{1}{2} (I_1 + I_2) \omega_f^2 = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{19}{18} I_1 \right) \left( \frac{1}{19} \omega_0 \right)^2 = \frac{1}{19} \left( \frac{1}{18} \cdot \frac{1}{19} I_1 \omega_0^2 \right)$$

$$\Delta E_{CR} = E_{CR_f} - E_{CR_0} = \left( \frac{1}{19} - 1 \right) E_{CR_0} = -\frac{18}{19} E_{CR_0}$$

$$\Delta E_{CR} = -\frac{18}{19} \cdot \frac{1}{18} \left( \frac{1}{4} MR^2 \omega_0^2 \right) = -\frac{1}{76} MR^2 \omega_0^2$$

$$b_2) [\Delta_{CR}] = [\Delta I] \cdot [\Delta \omega^2] = \underline{\underline{ML^2T^{-2}}}$$

$$[I] = ML^2$$

$$[\omega] = T^{-1}$$

2-

a) (F)

SE CONSERVA  $\vec{L}$



$$\vec{F}_c = -F_c \cdot \hat{u}_r$$

$$\vec{r} = r \cdot \hat{u}_r$$

$$\vec{M} = \vec{r} \times \vec{F}$$

$$\vec{M} = \vec{0}$$

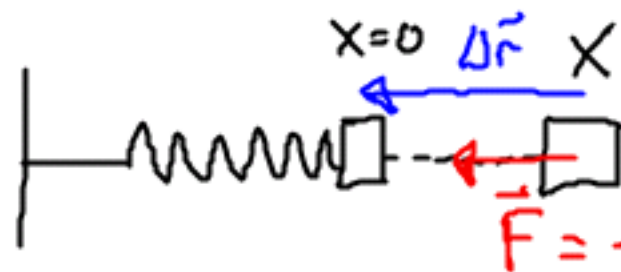
$$M = r F \sin 110^\circ$$

$$\frac{d\vec{L}}{dt} = \vec{M} = \vec{0}$$

$$\vec{L} = \text{cte}$$

(DIR  
SENT.  
MÓDULO)

b) (F)



$$d\vec{r} = -dx \hat{i}$$

$$\vec{F} = -kx \cdot \hat{i}$$

Casi

$$W = \int \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r} = \int_x^0 kx \cdot dx = \frac{1}{2} kx^2 \Big|_x^0 = -\frac{1}{2} kx^2$$

$$W = -\Delta E_p$$

$$c) \quad m_1 = m_2$$

$$E_c = \frac{1}{2} m v^2 = \frac{P^2}{2m}$$

$$P_1 = \frac{1}{2} P_2$$

$$E_{c_1} = \frac{P_1^2}{2m_1} = \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2} P_2\right)^2}{2m_2} = \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{P_2^2}{2m_2} \right) = \frac{1}{4} E_{c_2}$$

(F)

$$E_{c_2} = 4 E_{c_1}$$

PROBLEMA 1

$$m = 10 \text{ kg}$$

$$\vec{r}(t) = (3t^3 - 4t, -2, -2t + 5) \text{ m}$$

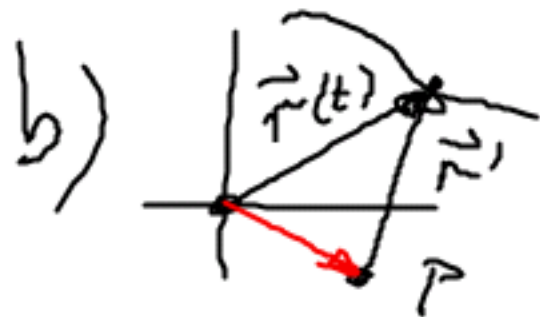
$$a) \quad W = \int \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r} = \int_0^2 \vec{F} \cdot \vec{v} \cdot dt = \int_0^2 (1620t^3 - 720t) dt$$

$$\vec{v} = \frac{d\vec{r}}{dt} \rightarrow d\vec{r} = \vec{v} \cdot dt = (9t^2 - 4, 0, -2) dt$$

$$\vec{v} = (9t^2 - 4, 0, -2) \text{ m/s}$$

$$\vec{F} = \frac{d\vec{p}}{dt} = 10 \cdot (18t, 0, 0) = (180t, 0, 0) \text{ N}$$

$$= (405t^4 - 360t^2) \Big|_0^2 = (6480 - 1440) - 0 = \boxed{5040 \text{ J}}$$



$$P = (0, -2, -5) \text{ m}$$

$$\vec{r}' = \vec{r} - \vec{OP} = (3t^3 - 4t, 0, -2t + 10) \text{ m}$$

$$\vec{p}' = \vec{p} = 10(9t^2 - 4, 0, -2) \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}$$

$$\vec{L}' = \vec{r}' \times \vec{p}' = 10$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ \vec{r}' & & \\ \vec{v} & & \end{vmatrix} = (-120t^3 + 900t^2 - 400) \hat{j} \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{s}$$



$$c) \quad \vec{M} = \frac{d\vec{L}}{dt} = (-360t^2 + 1800t) \hat{j} \text{ kg} \cdot \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2}$$

No SE CONSERVA,  $\vec{M} \neq \vec{0} \Rightarrow \vec{L}(t)$

$$d) \quad E_c = \frac{1}{2} m v^2 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 10 \cdot 1028 = \boxed{5140 \text{ J}}$$

$$\vec{v}^2 = v \cdot v = v^2$$

$$\vec{v}(2) = (32, 0, -2)$$

$$v^2(2) = 1028 \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2}$$

$$E_c(t)$$

NO SE CONSERVA.